



OSTRICH

Ostrich

WELCOME DIVERSITY

Ostrich is very different from Zebra, but even so, they make a great team. Ostrich has a sensitive sense of smell and Zebra has amazing eyesight. By combining their different strengths, they look out for each other and stay safe from predators.

- What are your strengths?
- What do you still need help with?
- How can teaming up with people who are different from you help you thrive?



ANT

Ant

SYSTEMS THAT CARE

Ant is a master builder. With the help of their friends and family, ant builds a big system of tunnels to feed, house, and protect their friends and family. When their home isn't working for everyone, they make changes so that everyone feels safe.

- What keeps you safe?
- Who can you go to if something feels wrong?
- Can our systems of safety adapt like ants to get better?



PRARIE DOG

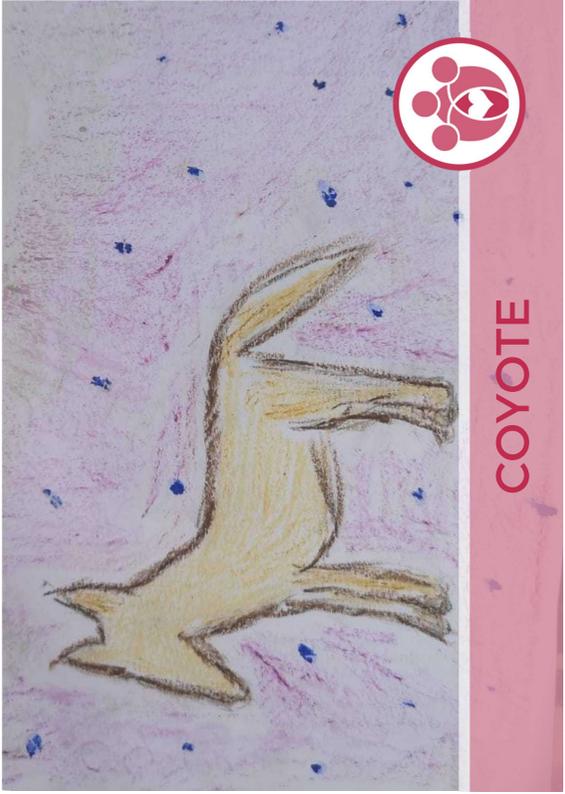
Prarie Dog

COMMUNICATE PEACEFULLY

Prarie dogs know how to keep peace in their communities. Prarie Dogs create a tightly-knit social structure by showing affection with kisses, grooming, and communicating through a system of calls and chirps. We all get into conflict sometimes, and we grow stronger when we appreciate and care for each other as Prarie Dogs do.

- How do you feel when a friend or family member takes the time to explain something you don't understand?
- What are some ways you can build peace and resolve conflicts?





COYOTE

Coyote

WORKING TOGETHER

Coyote knows all about working together. They live and hunt in packs. Packs have leaders, but all coyotes share in making decisions about where to go and what to hunt. The pack leader has to be careful to act in ways that benefit the whole pack.

- What makes a good leader?
- What could it look like if we all made decisions together?



LION

Lion

LIFE LONG EDUCATION

Lions love living together in communities called Prides. The female lions have their cubs at the same time. When the cubs are old enough they all go to school together which humans call "creches". It is there, where a lion learns how to be a lion. Lion's learning journey doesn't stop there, though. Lion is always learning as they adapt to new territory, get older, and watch their pride get smaller or larger. Lion asks us to think about what it means to BE - a lion, a human, or otherwise.

- What is it important to learn about?
- Do you think learning forever is good? Why or why not?



RABBIT

Rabbit

HEALTH & HEALING

Rabbits live healthy lives, eating vegetables and hopping around to build strength in their bodies. Rabbits also help keep their environment healthy by eating invasive plants such as weeds, giving indigenous plants the chance to grow and empowering the diversity of nature.

- What helps you make healthy choices?
- How can you help your friends heal?





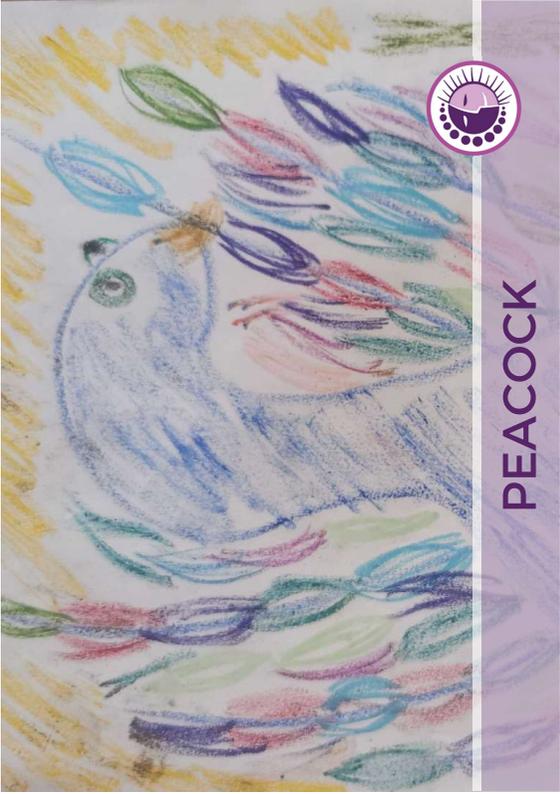
EAGLE

EAGLE

PURPOSE & HIGHER VISION

Eagles soar high in the sky and use their keen vision to see everything down below - giving them a special perspective on the world. Imagine you are high up flying with Eagle, looking out over the world. From this view, anything is possible.

- What kind of world do you want to live in?
- What gifts do you have to offer the world?



PEACOCK

PEACOCK

CELEBRATE BEAUTY

For a peacock, every day is a celebration. Their blue and green feathers are a piece of art designed by nature itself. Peacock reminds us to dress up, be proud of who we are, and celebrate the beautiful things in our lives.

- Which other animals can you think of that are colorful?
- How do you use color and art to celebrate?



BEE

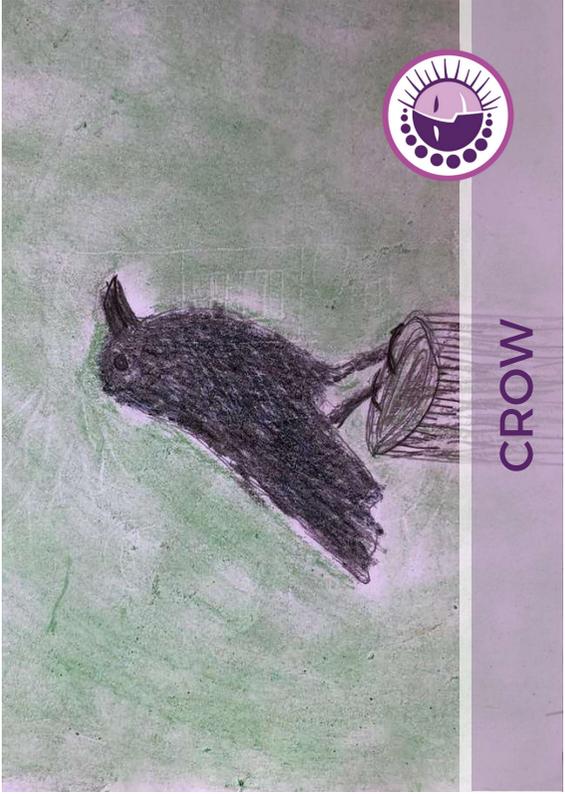
Bee

ACTIVE & BUSY

Bee is very active. They live in a beehive with about 60,000 other bees and do important work pollinating flowers, keeping nature in balance. Some bees keep the hive clean, while others bring in food, care for the queen, pollinate, or protect the hive from predators. If needed, they sting and give their lives to defend their colony.

- Which role does a bee play in nature?
- Which role do you play in nature?





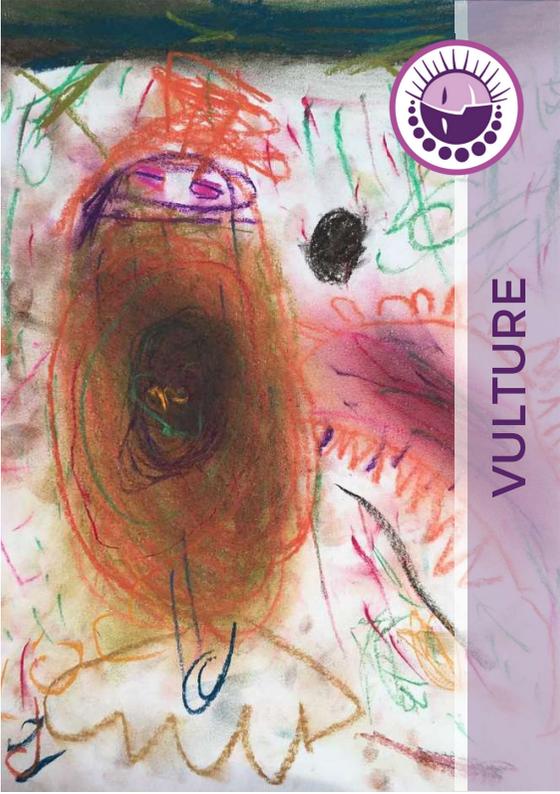
CROW

Crow

MINDFUL, KIND TO THE SELF

I have a story from my friend Crow from when she was building her nest. She was collecting sticks one by one. It was taking a long time. Crow knew that they needed help and asked for it. Soon, one crow became five and there were many beaks helping collect sticks to build the nest. Before she knew it, Crow had an abundance of sticks! She called out to her crow community to rest and celebrate. Together, they had built a beautiful nest for Crow's family.

- Do you ask for help when you need it?
- How do you talk to yourself?



VULTURE

Vulture

LIVE WITHOUT WASTE

Vulture asks that we connect to nature and think about the impact we have on the earth around us. Vultures have huge wings which they use to ride the wind. Vultures live off of the waste that others leave behind - trash, dead animals, and even poop! Vulture needs our help to recycle the waste of the world.

- Could you live off of trash?
- Where do your things come from? Where does your food come from?



FALCON

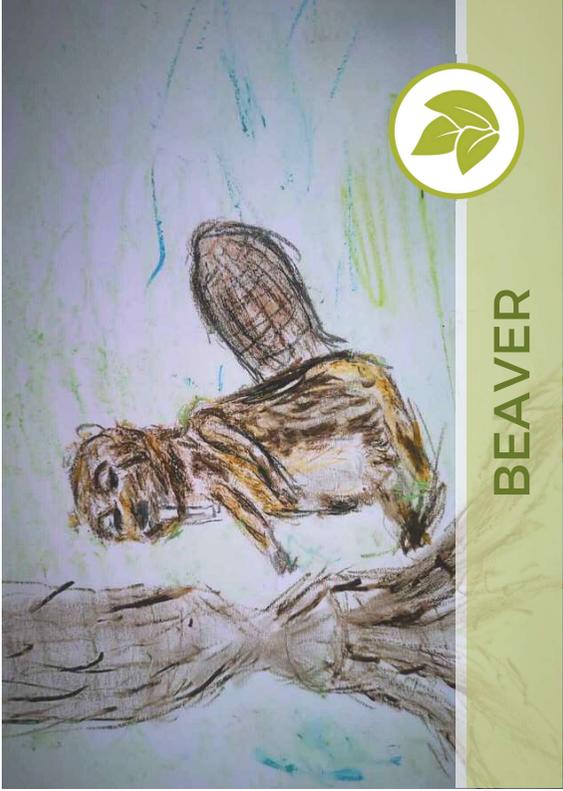
Falcon

WISE AND POWERFUL

Falcon is wise and powerful, seeing into both the past and future. They are messengers of wisdom forgotten. Falcon asks you to find your own special power and use it for the good of all.

- Who were the people who lived where you live one hundred years ago?
- What can you learn from them?





BEAVER



Beaver

BUILD WITH WHAT YOU HAVE

Beavers are builders! They build dams that protect their homes, keeping out predators and holding back heavy rain. They find all of their materials in their local environment and adapt them using their hands, feet and teeth.

- Is it good to build with local materials?
- Where do the materials that make your home come from?



PIPEFISH

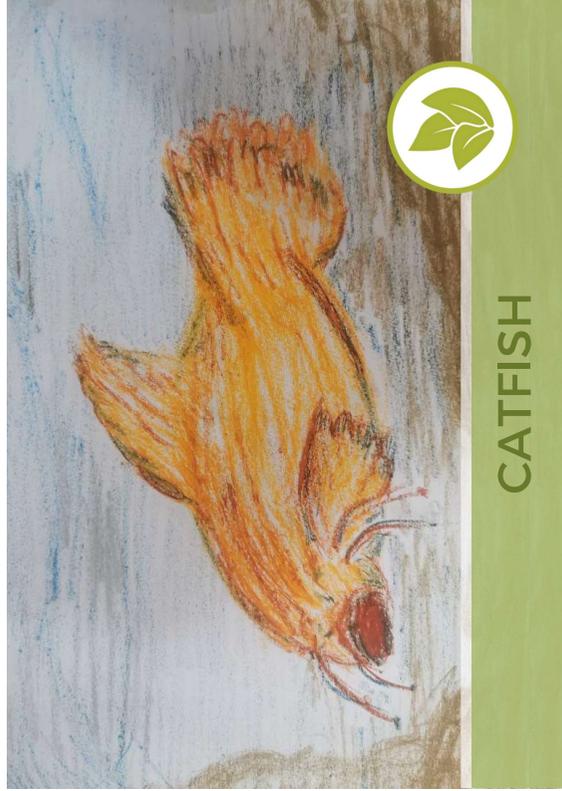


Pipefish

PLANT SEEDS

Can you see the tiny pipefish in the underwater seaweed forest? Pipefish take care of these rich ecosystems, spreading seeds and making the soil rich with their poop. By helping the seaweed forest grow, Pipefish helps grow food for all his fishy friends.

- What seeds are important to spread on the land where you live?
- How can you help the plants and soil in your community?



CATFISH



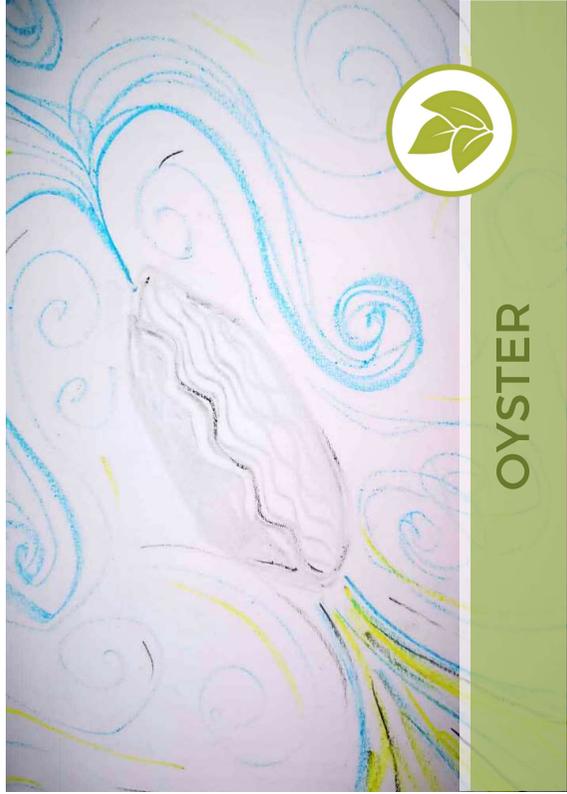
Catfish

NEAT & TIDY

You might have met catfish in a lake or aquarium, swimming along the bottom keeping everything neat and tidy. Did you know that wild catfish can also treat wastewater? In Indonesia catfish was released into sewage water tanks, where they helped filter the water with their 100,000 tastebuds!

- Which types of waste do you know?
- Can you think of something to do with that waste other than throw it away?





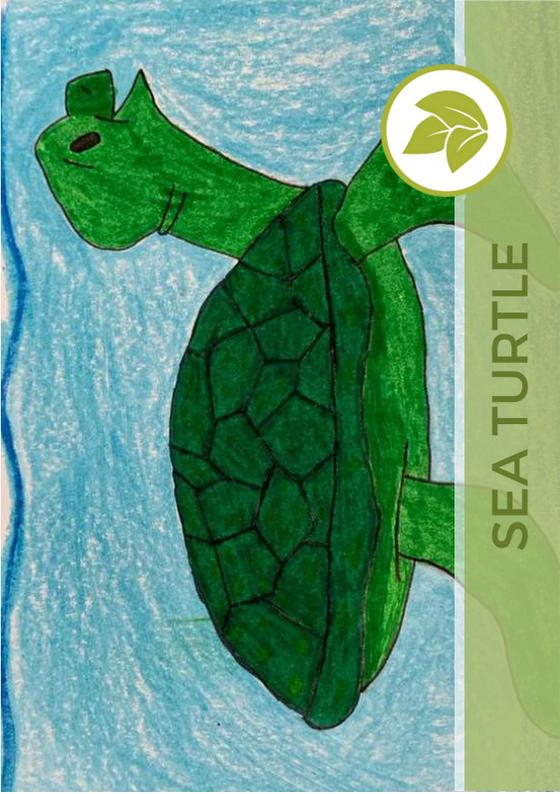
OYSTER

Oyster

CLEAN WATER CYCLES

Oysters help keep our oceans clean. They are natural water purifiers. An adult oyster can clean more water in a day than you can drink in a week! Not bad for an animal that can fit in your hand. Keeping our water clean is a big job. We need the help of many organisms, including humans!

- Where are the main water sources around you?
- Are they clean?
- Who takes care of them?



SEA TURTLE

Sea Turtle

TRAVEL SLOWLY

The big sea turtle welcomes you on its back. The journey ahead will be long and full of adventures. You travel with the ocean currents to conserve energy. Together you will travel great distances to reach their breeding grounds. Look out dear world, here you come.

- When is the last time you chose to walk or bike over getting a ride in a car?
- What are other ways to travel slowly?



ALLIGATOR

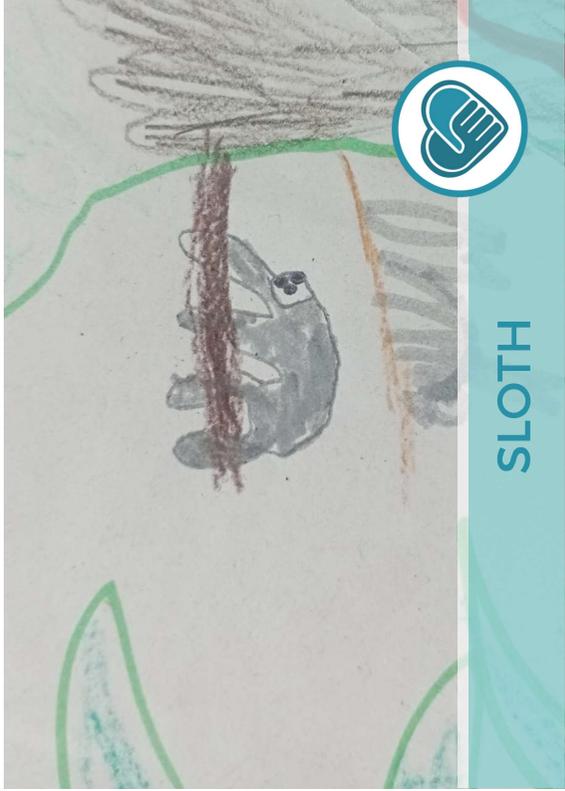
Alligator

CREATE BIODIVERSITY

Have you seen Alligator's swimming pool? They built it themselves, using their snout and claws! The pools help them keep cool in hot weather, but they also support biodiversity and create a home for lots of different species like frogs, fish, birds, turtles, and insects. Biodiversity is the key to healthy ecosystems.

- What are some important species in your local ecosystem?
- What do they need to thrive?





SLOTH



Sloth

WHAT IS PROGRESS?

Sloth lives life at a much slower pace. They hang on branches high in the trees and sleep for 15 to 20 hours per day. They move so slowly that algae grow on their fur. Slowness is the secret of the sloth: by using so little energy, they don't need much food. And by letting algae grow on their fur, they receive extra vitamins and camouflage from predators.

- What happens when you slow down? What do you notice?
- Can slowness be your secret too?



SHEEP



Sheep

SOCIAL BUSINESS

Sheep are very good at creating businesses that help others; their lawnmowing services, their wool, and when it is really necessary their meat. Let us sit with Sheep while we weave their wool into beautiful blankets to keep us warm on cold days. While we weave we will tell stories and share our dreams.

- Have you ever given something that made someone happy?
- How can your gifts benefit your community?



BADGER



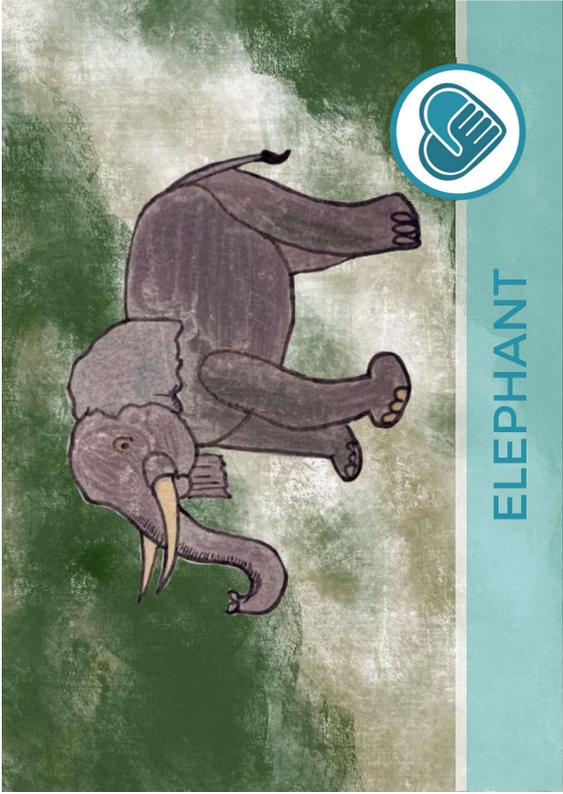
Badger

SHARING & COLLABORATION

Badger likes to be alone, but when it comes time to hunt they break their solitary habits to work together with Coyote. Coyote is fast and catches anything above ground. Badger stays close by and uses their digging skills to catch critters that try to escape underground. By working together, coyotes and badgers share more meals than when they work alone.

- Do you ever team up with friends who are different from you?
- How are you stronger together?





ELEPHANT

Elephant

PLACE FOR ALL

Elephants are the largest animals that live on land. But they use their amazing strength to help others, benefiting many creatures of all sizes. With their tree trunk legs, they clear paths in the forest for other animals. In swampy areas, their footprints hold water, becoming tiny homes for insects and tadpoles.

- How does your community get the land and resources it needs?
- What help does it need to thrive?



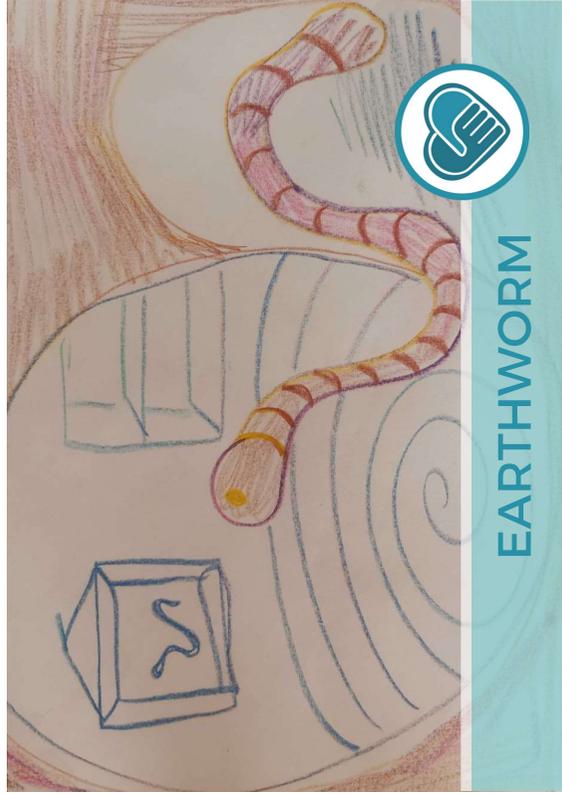
SQUIRREL

Squirrel

COMMUNITY CURRENCY

In the fall, Squirrels race back and forth, collecting an abundance to store for the winter. Their wealth comes in different forms: nuts, berries, seeds, and even the warmth of their own fat. By spreading their wealth around in many different places, they outlast the long, cold winter. What they don't eat becomes new trees and berry bushes, food for the next generation.

- Can you name three forms of wealth?
- Where is your community's wealth stored?



EARTHWORM

Earthworm

RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION

The work of the earthworm often goes without notice. Working to create tunnel systems that not only provide pathways but also regenerate the soil for all the plants and animals nearby. As they consume nutrients, they leave behind nutrients.

- What do you create?
- What do you consume?





PLOVER

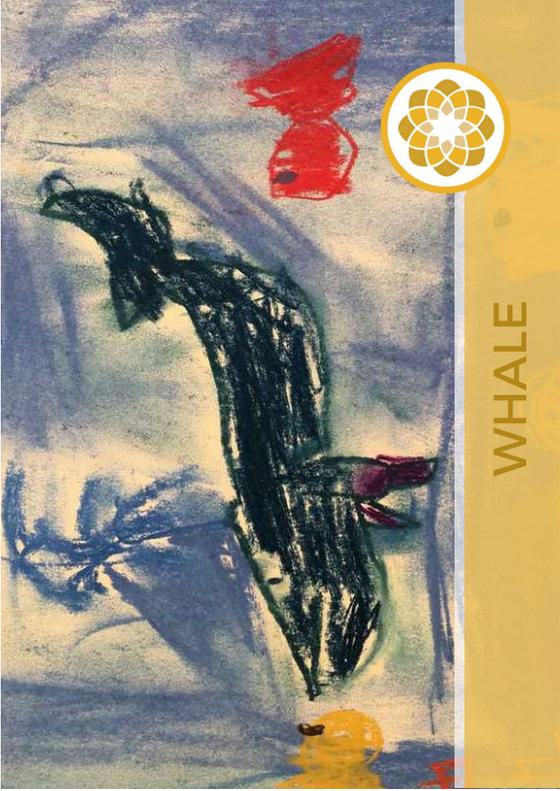


Egyptian Plover

FRIENDSHIP

The Egyptian plover, also known as the crocodile bird, builds friendship across all divides. The brave crocodile dentist has picked their way to the heart of the crocodile. By trading a meal for a tooth cleaning, the bird ignores stereotypes and instead bases his decisions on his own experience and friendships. The Egyptian Plover is here to share the gift of unexpected friendships.

- Have you ever tried to be friends with someone different than you?



WHALE



HUMPBACK WHALE

LISTEN TO THE WORLD

The humpback whale carries the wisdom of the world on its great back. The songs of the humpback travel across entire oceans, sharing news from far and wide.

- How do you listen to the world?
- What do you hear?



SEAGULL



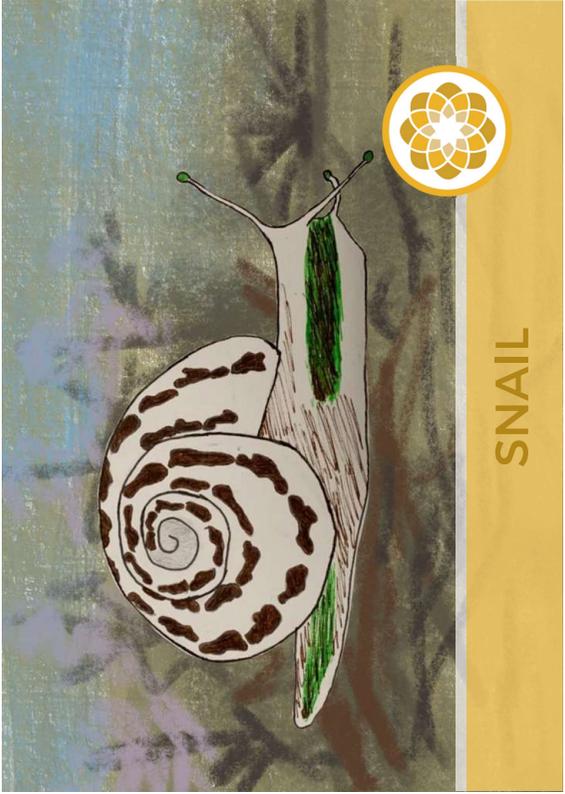
Seagull

CREATE TOGETHER

Seagull has called a great council. They have traveled over land and ocean calling together all the creatures of the earth. Together, they create a beautiful tapestry, woven with seaweed and desert grasses that tells the story of the future where human returns to the animal family, protecting all that live on Earth.

- Who do you make plans with?
- Can we make plans for the whole world?
- Who would need to be included in making plans for the whole world?





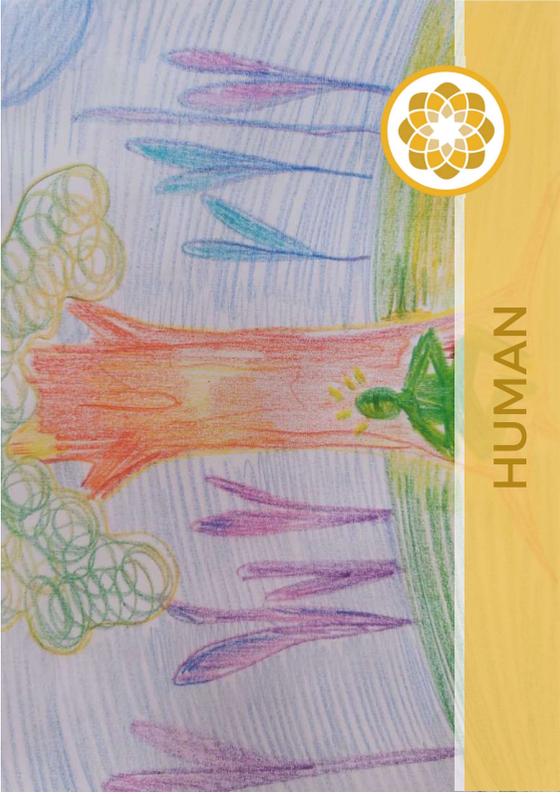
SNAIL

Snail

SHARE PATTERNS OF REGENERATION

The small snail carries a big message. The spiral of its shell reminds us that everything comes in cycles. The mighty snail can walk over thistles, stones, and thorns without a scratch, its soft body adapting to the environment. Snail reminds us to walk slowly, carrying the message of resilience and regeneration painted on our backs.

- What patterns or designs do you notice?
- What patterns help protect the land, animals, and water?



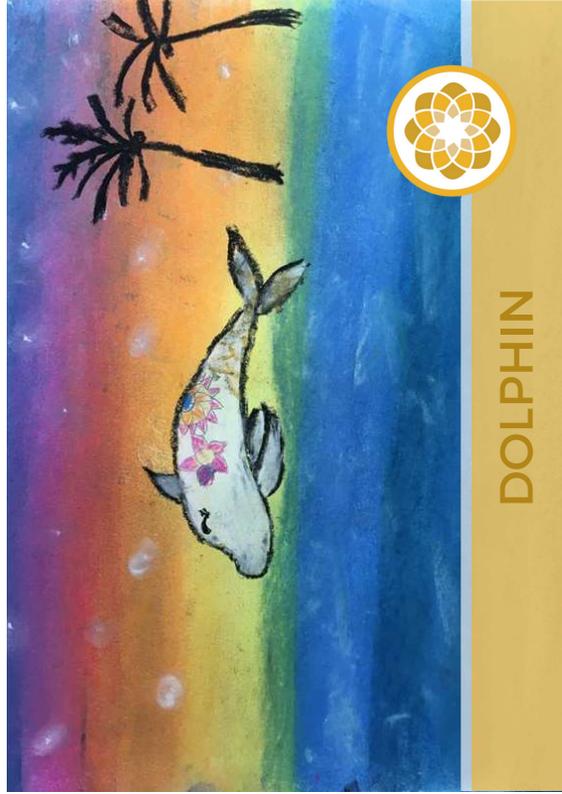
HUMAN

Human

PRIVILEGE

The human sits quietly at the base of a great oak tree. Human finds itself in a unique position - in a place of privilege and power built by past humans who believed they were better than the rest of the living world. Human sees the trees and the plants and the insects and knows they are a part of something big and beautiful. Human uses their power to help others.

- What would it look like if humans used their power to help all life on earth? Draw a picture.



DOLPHIN

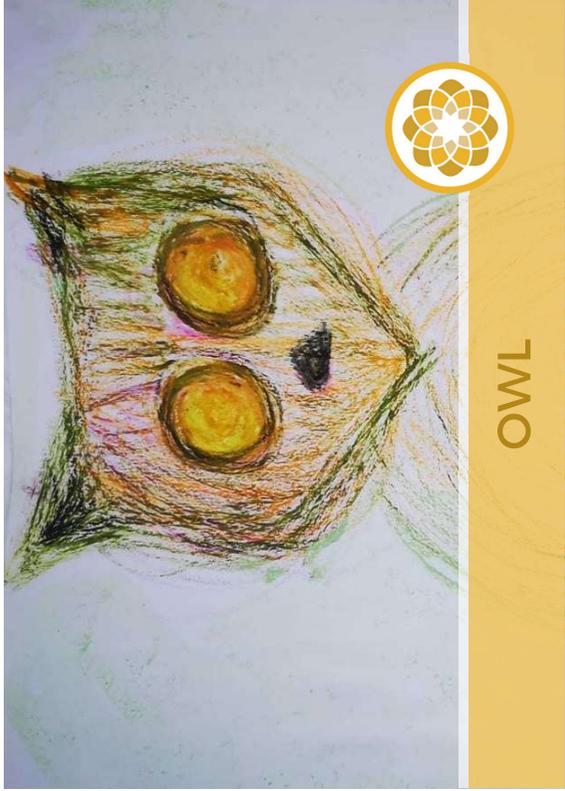
Dolphin

SKILLS & NEEDS

Dolphins are not only playful and social, but they are also highly intelligent. Dolphins know there is strength in teamwork. Dolphin pods work together to defend their family and ocean friends against sharks and other ocean predators. They use tools to fish and play.

- What do you have that helps you?
- What do you need?
- What skills do you have?



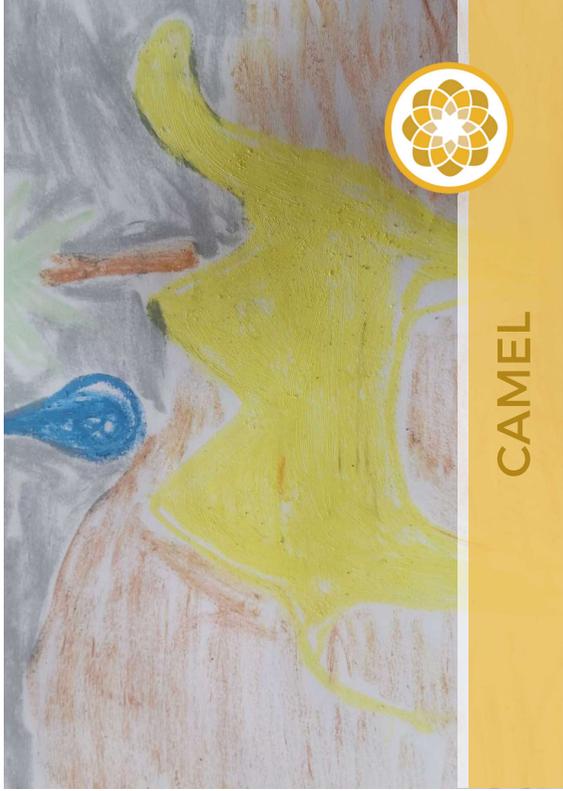


Owl

LEARN FROM NATURE

Owl sees in all directions, turning its head in a full circle. The sun rises in the east, presenting the owl with a new day full of possibilities. Turning south, the owl sees expansive gardens and learns the joy of hard work. Looking west, the owl's vision settles on their family and fellow tree dwellers and how much love they have for their community. Then the north wind blows, turning Owl's attention to what is ahead, without forgetting what is all around.

- What have you learned from nature?



Camel

ADAPT SOLUTIONS

Camel is a masterpiece designed to survive in the desert. Camels can go for a week or longer without water. Once they find water, they can drink more than 40 liters in one go and store the extra liquids in their humps. That's like carrying a big hiking backpack full of water.

- When and how does water come to you?
- Are there any lessons you can learn from Camel?

